

# Mathematica 11.3 Integration Test Results

Test results for the 113 problems in "Moses Problems.m"

Problem 31: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{x^7}{1+x^{12}} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 7 steps):

$$-\frac{\text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-2x^4}{\sqrt{3}}\right]}{4\sqrt{3}} - \frac{1}{12} \text{Log}[1+x^4] + \frac{1}{24} \text{Log}[1-x^4+x^8]$$

Result (type 3, 260 leaves):

$$\begin{aligned} & \frac{1}{24} \left( 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{3}-2\sqrt{2}x}{1-\sqrt{3}}\right] - 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1-\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2}x}{1+\sqrt{3}}\right] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{-1+\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2}x}{1+\sqrt{3}}\right] - 2\sqrt{3} \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{1+\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{2}x}{-1+\sqrt{3}}\right] - 2 \text{Log}[1-\sqrt{2}x+x^2] - 2 \text{Log}[1+\sqrt{2}x+x^2] + \right. \\ & \quad \left. \text{Log}[2+\sqrt{2}x-\sqrt{6}x+2x^2] + \text{Log}[2+\sqrt{2}(-1+\sqrt{3})x+2x^2] + \text{Log}[2-(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{6})x+2x^2] + \text{Log}[2+(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{6})x+2x^2] \right) \end{aligned}$$

Problem 40: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.

$$\int \frac{\sqrt{A^2+B^2-B^2y^2}}{1-y^2} dy$$

Optimal (type 3, 51 leaves, 5 steps):

$$B \text{ArcTan}\left[\frac{By}{\sqrt{A^2+B^2-B^2y^2}}\right] + A \text{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{Ay}{\sqrt{A^2+B^2-B^2y^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 134 leaves):

$$-\frac{1}{2} A \operatorname{Log}[1-y] + \frac{1}{2} A \operatorname{Log}[1+y] + i B \operatorname{Log}\left[-2 i B y + 2 \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}\right] +$$

$$\frac{1}{2} A \operatorname{Log}\left[A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y + A \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}\right] - \frac{1}{2} A \operatorname{Log}\left[A^2 + B^2 + B^2 y + A \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}\right]$$

**Problem 42: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int \operatorname{Csc}[x] \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 \sin[x]^2} dx$$

Optimal (type 3, 49 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-B \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{B \cos[x]}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 \sin[x]^2}}\right] - A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{A \cos[x]}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 \sin[x]^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 99 leaves):

$$-\sqrt{A^2} \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{\sqrt{2} \sqrt{A^2} \cos[x]}{\sqrt{2 A^2 + B^2 - B^2 \cos[2x]}}\right] + \sqrt{-B^2} \operatorname{Log}\left[\sqrt{2} \sqrt{-B^2} \cos[x] + \sqrt{2 A^2 + B^2 - B^2 \cos[2x]}\right]$$

**Problem 69: Result unnecessarily involves complex numbers and more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int -\frac{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2(1-y^2)}}{1-y^2} dy$$

Optimal (type 3, 53 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-B \operatorname{ArcTan}\left[\frac{B y}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}}\right] - A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{A y}{\sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 127 leaves):

$$\frac{1}{2} \left( A \operatorname{Log}[1-y] - A \operatorname{Log}[1+y] - 2 i B \operatorname{Log}\left[2 \left(-i B y + \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}\right)\right] - \right.$$

$$\left. A \operatorname{Log}\left[A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y + A \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}\right] + A \operatorname{Log}\left[A^2 + B^2(1+y) + A \sqrt{A^2 + B^2 - B^2 y^2}\right] \right)$$

**Problem 70: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int \frac{(-A^2 - B^2) \cos[z]^2}{B \left(1 - \frac{(A^2 + B^2) \sin[z]^2}{B^2}\right)} dz$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 5 steps):

$$-Bz - A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{A \operatorname{Tan}[z]}{B}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 35 leaves):

$$-\frac{B(A^2 + B^2) \left( Bz + A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{A \operatorname{Tan}[z]}{B}\right] \right)}{A^2 B + B^3}$$

**Problem 71: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int -\frac{A^2 + B^2}{B(1+w^2)^2 \left(1 - \frac{(A^2+B^2)w^2}{B^2(1+w^2)}\right)} dw$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 6 steps):

$$-B \operatorname{ArcTan}[w] - A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{Aw}{B}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 35 leaves):

$$-\frac{B(A^2 + B^2) \left( B \operatorname{ArcTan}[w] + A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{Aw}{B}\right] \right)}{A^2 B + B^3}$$

**Problem 72: Result more than twice size of optimal antiderivative.**

$$\int -\frac{B(A^2 + B^2)}{(1+w^2)(B^2 - A^2 w^2)} dw$$

Optimal (type 3, 16 leaves, 4 steps):

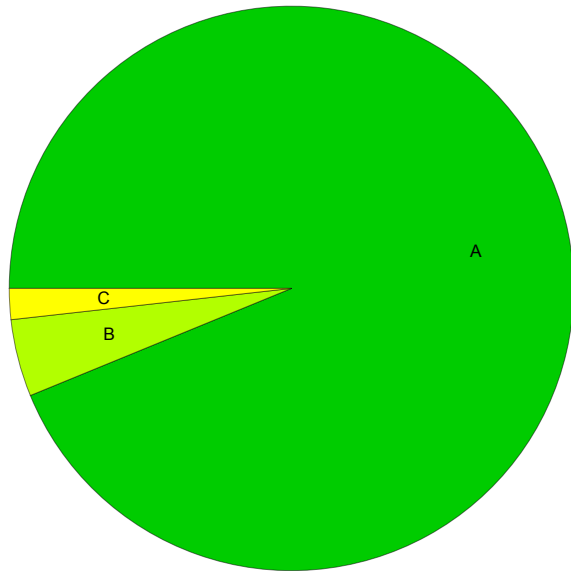
$$-B \operatorname{ArcTan}[w] - A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{Aw}{B}\right]$$

Result (type 3, 35 leaves):

$$-\frac{B(A^2 + B^2) \left( B \operatorname{ArcTan}[w] + A \operatorname{ArcTanh}\left[\frac{Aw}{B}\right] \right)}{A^2 B + B^3}$$

## Summary of Integration Test Results

113 integration problems



A - 106 optimal antiderivatives

B - 5 more than twice size of optimal antiderivatives

C - 2 unnecessarily complex antiderivatives

D - 0 unable to integrate problems

E - 0 integration timeouts